## **HUMAN RESOURCES BULLETIN 01-10**

## **Annual Leave Carryover:**

<u>Scheduling</u>: The 2001 leave year ends on 12 January 2001. This is a good time for employees and supervisors to review "use or lose" leave balances and ensure that all leave that would otherwise be forfeited at the end of the leave year is scheduled for use.

<u>Carryover</u>: Public Law 93-181 provides three conditions under which the normal rule that requires forfeiture of annual leave in excess of permissible (normally 240 hours) carryover may be waived. The conditions are:

- a. Loss through administrative error. Administrative errors uncovered that had resulted in forfeiture of annual leave due to the maximum carryover rule can be corrected to permit restoration of all of the leave.
- b. Exigencies of public business were of such importance as to preclude the use of scheduled annual leave and there was no reasonable alternative to the cancellation of scheduled leave. A specific beginning and ending date of the exigency must be fixed. The situation must be documented and personally approved by the local commander in accordance with local procedures. These requests must be submitted at the time of the exigency. DO NOT wait until the end of the leave year.
- c. Sickness precluded the employee from using scheduled annual leave. The period of absence due to sickness must have occurred at such time late in the leave year that the annual leave could not be rescheduled.

The employee must submit a request in writing through supervisory channels to have leave restored that has been forfeited as a result of an exigency or illness. The leave must have been scheduled at least three pay periods before the end of the leave year.

Supervisors will submit the following supporting documentation to the CPAC: (1) The supervisor's written certification showing the date the leave was scheduled for use, the date the leave was approved, the date the leave was canceled and why it was not rescheduled for use and (2) a copy of the commander's approval of the exigency.

Annual leave forfeited under the conditions set forth above will be restored in a special annual leave account. Such restored special leave must be used no later than the end of the leave year ending two years after the termination of the exigency or after the sick employee returns to work.

Please contact your local CPAC for submission deadlines on leave restoration requests.

Donating to a Voluntary Leave Bank:

Use or lose leave which would otherwise be forfeited may be donated to a Voluntary Leave Bank. The maximum amount of leave that may be contributed during the leave year is the lessor of:

- a. One-half of the amount of annual leave to which entitled during the leave year in which the contribution is made, or
- b. The number of hours remaining in the leave year, as of the date the contribution is made, for which the donor is scheduled to work and receive pay.

There are provisions for waiving the limitation described above; however, donating more than the limitation is not encouraged.

## Donating to a Voluntary Leave Transfer Program Recipient

If there are approved leave recipients under the Voluntary Leave Transfer Program, use or lose leave may be donated to that employee. The same restrictions discussed above under the Voluntary Leave Bank apply to donations under this program.

If you have questions, please contact your Civilian Personnel Advisory Center.

/s/ WILLIAM D. ST. JOHN Director of Human Resources